Developing a Plan to Improve Access for Kentucky Elders: The Kentucky Elder Oral Health Survey (KEOHS)

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Data Collection: The first step in developing a plan...

- The KEOHS represented the first oral health survey ever done in Ky. to focus on *elders*
 - Provide a benchmark for later comparison
 - Allow oral health professionals, state agencies, and other interested parties to examine the oral health status of Ky. Elders and compare with other states/national surveys



Objectives of the KEOHS:

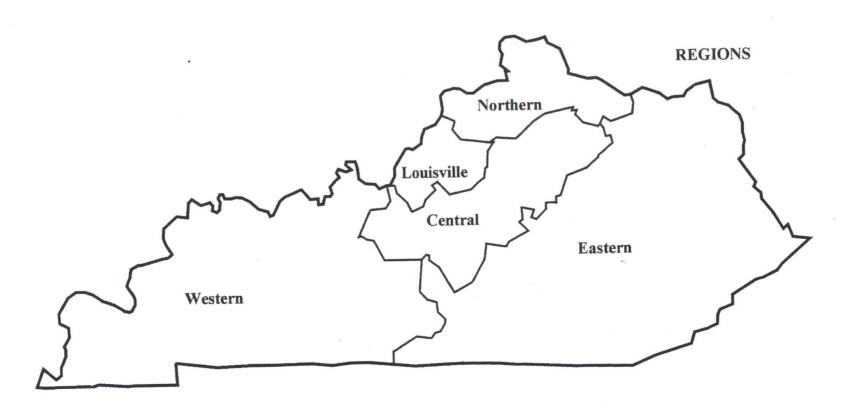
- Determine the areas (or groups) in the state with the greatest oral health needs: wellelders vs. dependent elders (nursing home and homebound)
- Identify factors which affect dental access for Kentucky elders
- Develop a model program based on findings
- Pursue development of a statewide dental access program for elders based on that model

How did the Ky. Elder Oral Health Survey happen?

- Commissioned by the Office of Oral Health) in the Ky. Dept. of Public Health in 2001
 - Represents the third and final oral health survey
 - Children's Oral Health Survey: commissioned in 1999/2001
 - Adult Oral Health Survey: Commissioned in 2001/2003
- Only previous oral health survey in Kentucky was done in 1987
 - Did not specifically include elders (less than 10% of ages 65+)
 - Excluded nursing home elders, homebound, and institutionalized populations

Surveyed Geographical Regions:

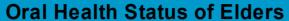
same as in children and adult Ky. Surveys)



Survey Instrument:

- Many questions taken from previous Ky.
 Adult Oral Health Survey
- Sections added specific for elders including: denture evaluation, extraoral, intraoral pathology, medical problems, and medications
- Two parts to survey: Questionnaire and clinical screening exam

3 Groups of Elders Surveyed



by Functional Status (Living conditon)

1,386 elders

Independent Elders

Senior Centers (Subgroup-SB Well-Elders)

Homebound Elders

(Dependent on families and agencies for care and transportation)

Nursing Home Elders

(Dependent on others for care)
(Includes assisted-living)



500 elders



473 elders

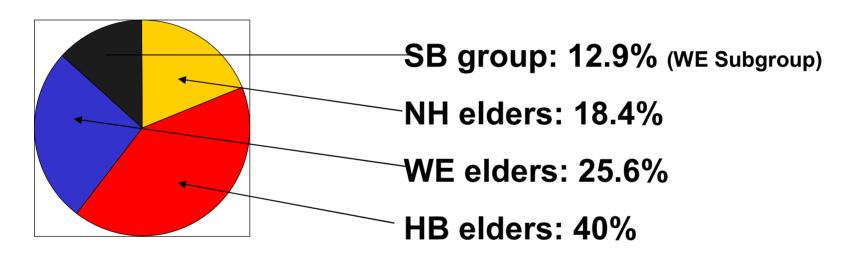


413 elders

Sample sizes and elder groups (well elders vs dependent elders) based on 2000 Census

- 3,046,951 adults (over 18 in Kentucky)
 - 504,793 adults (over 65)
- Elders represent: 13.9% of KY population but 16.6% of the adult population and this group is growing at the fastest rate!
- Of total elder adults, 477,580 are classified as independent (non-institutionalized) well-elders
- Nursing home elders = 26,198 and 1,015 classified as assisted living
- Homebound= 8,066 elders designated by state
 Office on Aging

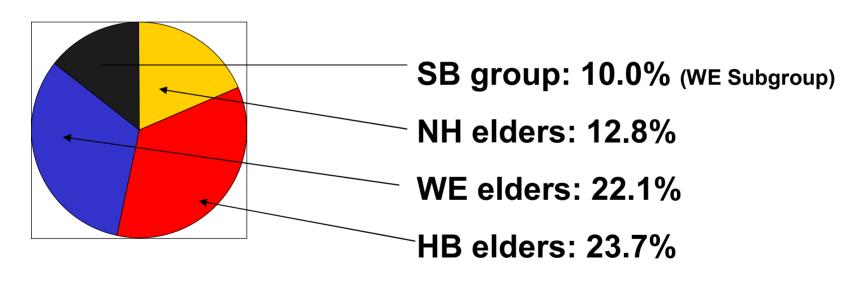




Nursing HomeHomeboundWell EldersSanders Brown

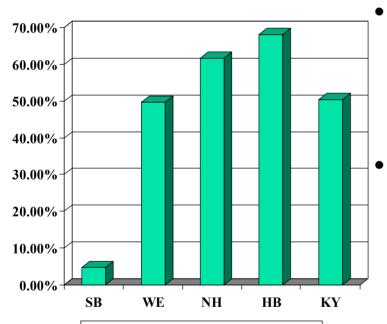


Questionnaire Results: 19.3% report having dental pain in their teeth, gums, or jaws!



Nursing Home
 Homebound
 Well Elders
 Sanders Brown



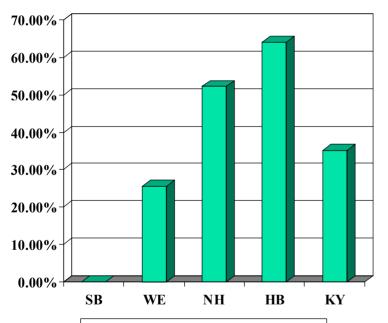


Gingivitis

- Statewide, 50.4% of dentate elders were found to have gingivitis
 - The highest percentage was in the HB (68%) and NH (61.6%) groups



Clinical Exam Findings: Caries

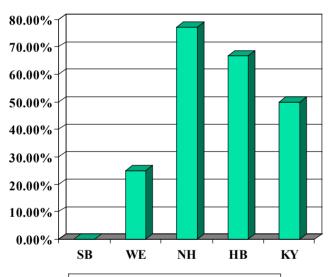


Dental Caries

- Statewide, 35.2% of dentate elders were found to have dental caries
- The highest percentage was in the HB (64%) and NH (52.2%) groups
- 27.5% of dentate elders had 4 or less teeth with caries and 7.8% had 5 or more teeth with caries



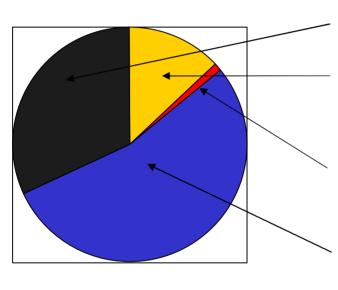
Clinical Exam Findings: Adequacy of Dentures (Patients perception)



■ Dentures not adequate

- Statewide, half (49.9%) of edentulous elders with dentures reported their dentures were inadequate based on problems in comfort, function or esthetics
- NH and HB groups reported the highest percent of dentures that were inadequate (77.0% and 66.7% respectively)

Results: Most elders (53.8%) need routine dental care (within 6 months)



No problems seen (32.0%)

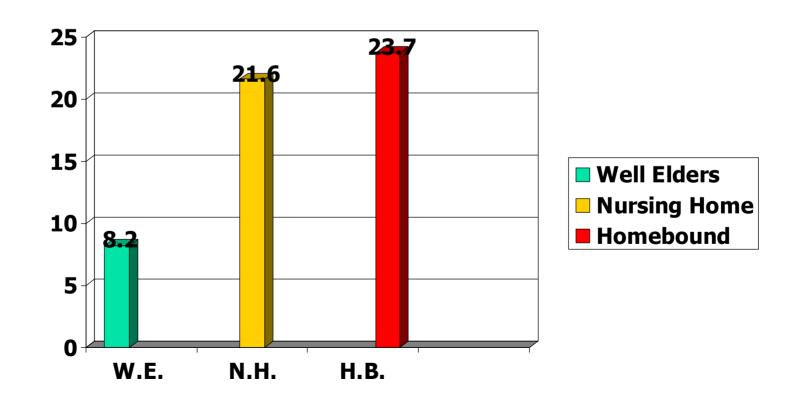
Early care recommend (12.9%) within one month

Immediate care (1.1%) ASAP

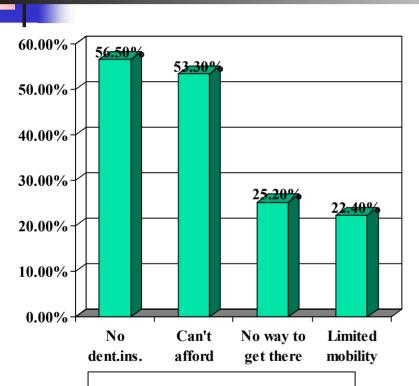
Routine dental care (53.8%) recommended (6 months)

Early careImmediateRoutineNo problems

Results: Treatment Urgency Many elders in the Homebound and Nursing Home Groups need early (within 1 month) or immediate (ASAP) dental care



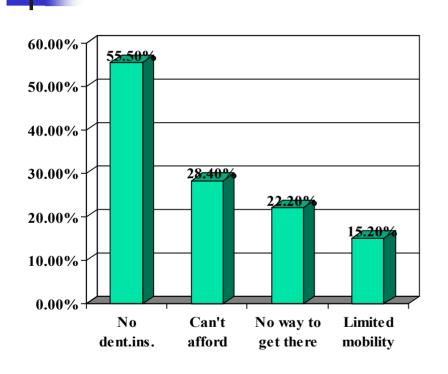
Major barriers reported for obtaining dental care or services



■ Top Barriers reported

- Lack of dental insurance was the top barrier reported
- The top three reasons why elders *did* go to the dentist were:
 - Prosthodontics 39.2%
 - Prevention/cleaning, 30.0%
 - Emergency dentistry, 15.0%

Main recommendations for improving elders access to oral health services



- Make dentistry more affordable #1 (55.5%)
- Provide mobile clinic/van (28.4%)
- Provide house calls (22.2%)
- Make offices more handicappedaccessible (15.2%)

Conclusions



- Underserved elders, defined here as the NH and HB elders have oral health needs which are much greater than the WE group
- Strong correlation between independence and oral health status:
 - Best overall oral health seen in well-elders
 - Poorest overall oral health seen in NH and HB elders
- Majority of Ky. Elders had not seen a dentist in the past year (only 35.4% overall had been)

Conclusions

- However, almost 90% (88.6%) of the SB (subgroup of well-elder group) HAD been to see a dentist in the past year
 - (This suggests how important SE status is in determining dental visits)
- Most elders would like dental care if it were less expensive and easier to attain
 - Leading barrier, no dental insurance
- Providing dental insurance should be a model to explore when proposing programs



Other "models" being considered:

- "Geriatric Oral Health Aide" (GOHA) for oral hygiene assistant in nursing homes
- Fluoride varnish program for at-risk elders in nursing homes/homebound
- Mobile-van program for NHs and HB
- Educational programs for NH, WE, HB
 - Public service announcements: other
- Enforcing existing laws in NHs